

# Use of Force Recommendation 22 & 39

### Guidance for:

- Non-Involved Supervisor to Respond to Scene When Force is Used
- Supervisor is to Respond to the Scene of Potentially Critical Circumstances



## Agenda

- Recommendation Highlights
- Current Policy
- Gap Analysis
- Committee Feedback
- Further Analysis
- Final Guidance



### Recommendation Highlights

#### Recommendation 22

 MPD should require a non-involved supervisor to respond to the scene and initiate a use-offorce investigation for every reportable use of force. This investigation should include a briefing from the involved officer(s), questioning available witnesses, and speaking with the suspect.

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### Recommendation Highlights

- Recommendation 39
  - MPD should add a requirement that supervisors immediately respond to any scene: where a weapon (including a firearm, edged weapon, rocks, or other improvised weapons) is reported; where a person experiencing a mental health crisis is reported; or where a dispatcher or other member of the department believes there is potential for significant use of force.

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### **Current Policy**

#### Revision made June 7, 2018 to include:

Non-involved supervisor immediately responds to the scene on any reported use of force which involves the use of:

- Strikes to the face, head or neck
- Electronic Control Devices (ECD)
- Impact Weapons
- Deployment of Police Service Dog (K-9)
- Carotid Control Technique
- Any other use of force causing the subject to be treated at the hospital for a physical injury

#### **Investigatory Responsibilities:**

- Obtain basic facts from the involved officer(s)
- Conduct initial review of the application of use of force
- Ensure medical treatment provided
- Ensure overall photographs taken, including areas involving visible injury or complaint of pain
- Ensure all necessary evidence is collected.

### **Current Policy**

#### Definition

- Emergency Calls:
  - Life threatening
  - Confrontations which may threaten life or safety of a person
- Priority One Calls:
  - In progress crime that could result in a threat to injure or possible major property loss or immediate apprehension of a suspect

#### Assignment of supervisor(s).

- Responds to the scene on Emergency Calls
- Is informed of case comments on certain Priority One Calls
  - Responding to the scene is of the supervisor's discretion

## Gap Analysis

Supervisor Responsibilities	<b>Current Policy</b>	Recommendation
Non-involved supervisor responds to the scene on every reportable use of force	*	Х
Investigates every reportable use of force	X	X
Briefing with involved officers	X	X
Interview witnesses		X
Interview suspect		X
Collect necessary evidence, including photographs	X	X
Ensure medical treatment is provided	X	X
Initial review of the application of force	Χ	Χ

<sup>\*</sup>Current policy lists specific uses of force

## Gap Analysis

Supervisor Scene Response	Current Policy	Recommendation
Supervisors immediately respond to any scene where a weapon is involved	X	X
Supervisors immediately respond to any scene where a person experiencing a mental health crisis is reported	*	X
Supervisors immediately respond to any scene where a dispatcher or other member of the department believes there is potential for significant use of force		X

<sup>\*</sup> Supervisor responds when there is a threat to one's life

### Committee Feedback

- Committee members indicated an unnecessary workload would be placed on supervisors to respond to each circumstance as outline in recommendation.
- Need to further define non-involved supervisor.
- Requested further analysis to determine the additional calls that would require a supervisor response if recommendation was implemented.



### Further Analysis

Priority 1 Initial Call Type	Count	Avg Call Length
Shots Fired	496	0:26:54
Subject w/ a Gun	69	1:10:06
Suicidal Subject	1,402	0:59:54
Total	1,967	



If the recommendation was imposed from May to October 2019, supervisors would have been required to respond to an additional 1,967 CFS (an average of 3.6 CFS per shift).

### Final Guidance

- Define non-involved supervisor for the purpose of DPM 2.1.45 – Use of Force Reporting Protocols and in the development of the Concurrent Investigation policy as:
  - A supervisor who may be at the scene and witnesses the incident, but is not directly involved in the application of force.
- Recommend a non-involved supervisor respond to Category 1 and 2 type incidents.
  - It will be the responsibility of Professional Standards to interview the involved member, witnesses, and the involved suspect.

### Final Guidance

- Recommend a non-involved supervisor review the application of force on Category 3 type incidents. It is not necessary for the supervisor to respond to the scene unless an allegation of excessive force is made.
- Recommend not implementing the requirement that supervisors immediately respond to any scene: where a weapon is reported; where a person experiencing a mental health crisis is reported; or there is potential for significant use of force.



# Discussion